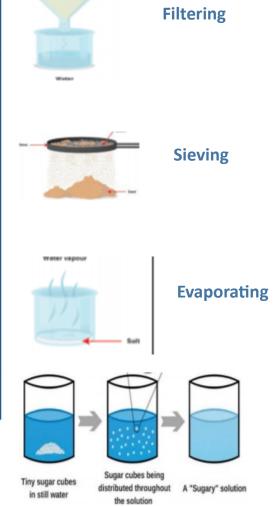
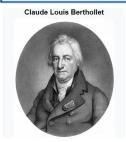
## Science Knowledge Organiser—Year 5— Properties and Changes of Materials

Material	Properties	Uses
wood	opaque hard strong	table
metal	shiny smooth reflective	fork
plastic	waterproof bendy translucent	water bottle
glass	transparent waterpoof hard	window
brick	hard rough dull	wall
rock	strong hard rigid	fireplace
paper	tears easily translucent flexible	book
cardboard	dull non-reflective opaque	boxes
fabric	flexible Soft absorbent	clothes





Claude Louis Berthollet was known for his scientific contributions chemistry. Berthollet was the first to demonstrate the bleaching action of chlorine gas, and was first to develop a solution of sodium hypochlorite as a modern bleaching agent.

**Dissolving** 

Vocabulary Dozen		
Solubility	Whether a material can dissolve.	
Transparent	Allows light to pass through.	
Conductivity	Whether it allows heat or electricity to carry through.	
Dissolving	The process by which a solid, liquid or gas breaks down into small particles and mixes with a solvent so that it can no longer be distinguished separately in the solution.	
Solution	Is made when one substance dissolves into another	
Mixture	A substance made by mixing other substances together.	
Reversible change	Can be reversed back to its original state.	
Irreversible change	Cannot be reversed back to its original state.	
Evaporation	the process of turning from liquid into gas.	
Condensation	A process by which a substance changes from a gaseous state to a liquid state	
Filtering	A process by which impurities or particles are removed from a fluid, either a liquid or a gas.	
Sieving	A simple technique for separating particles of different sizes	